



Standard Practice for Capping Cylindrical Concrete Specimens¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C617/C617M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This practice covers apparatus, materials, and procedures for capping freshly molded concrete cylinders with neat cement and hardened cylinders and drilled concrete cores with high-strength gypsum paste or sulfur mortar.

1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* For specific precaution statements see 4.3.1 and 6.2.4.1.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

C109/C109M Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or [50-mm] Cube Specimens)

C150 Specification for Portland Cement

C472 Test Methods for Physical Testing of Gypsum, Gypsum Plasters and Gypsum Concrete

C595 Specification for Blended Hydraulic Cements

C1231/C1231M Practice for Use of Unbonded Caps in Determination of Compressive Strength of Hardened Concrete Cylinders

2.2 ANSI Standard:³

B46.1 Standard for Surface Texture (Surface, Roughness, Waviness and Lay)

3. Significance and Use

3.1 This practice describes procedures for providing plane surfaces on the ends of freshly molded concrete cylinders, hardened cylinders, or drilled concrete cores when the end surfaces do not conform with the planeness and perpendicularity requirements of applicable standards. Practice C1231/C1231M describes alternative procedures using unbonded caps or pad caps.

4. Capping Equipment

4.1 *Capping Plates*—Neat cement caps and high-strength gypsum-paste caps shall be formed against a glass plate at least 6 mm [$\frac{1}{4}$ in.] thick, a machined metal plate at least 11 mm [0.45 in.] thick, or a polished plate of granite or diabase at least 75 mm [3 in.] thick. Sulfur mortar caps shall be formed against similar metal or stone plates except that the recessed area which receives molten sulfur shall not be deeper than 12 mm [$\frac{1}{2}$ in.]. In all cases, plates shall be at least 25 mm [1 in.] greater in diameter than the test specimen and the working surfaces shall not depart from a plane by more than 0.05 mm [0.002 in.] in 150 mm [6 in.]. The surface roughness of newly finished metal plates shall not exceed that set forth in Table 4 of American National Standard B46.1, or 3.2 μ m [125 μ in.] for any type of surface and direction of lay. The surface, when new, shall be free of gouges, grooves, or indentations beyond those caused by the finishing operation. Metal plates that have been in use shall be free of gouges, grooves, and indentations greater than 0.25 mm [0.010 in.] deep or greater than 30 mm² [0.05 in.²] in surface area.

NOTE 1—A Rockwell hardness of 48 HRC is suggested for capping plates of devices used to form sulfur mortar caps.

4.2 *Alignment Devices*—Suitable alignment devices, such as guide bars or bull's-eye levels, shall be used in conjunction with capping plates to ensure that no single cap will depart from perpendicularity to the axis of a cylindrical specimen by

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C09 on Concrete and Concrete Aggregates and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C09.61 on Testing for Strength.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.