



Standard Test Method for Bond Strength of Mortar to Masonry Units¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C 952; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ([€]) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

^{€1} NOTE—Editorial changes were made throughout in December 2003.

1. Scope*

1.1 This test method provides two procedures for measuring bond strength of mortar to masonry units: a crossed brick couplet tensile test for evaluating mortar-brick bond strength and a stacked-bond, flexural test for evaluating mortar-concrete block bond strength.

1.2 *This standard does not purport to address the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- C 67 Test Methods of Sampling and Testing Brick and Structural Clay Tile²
- C 90 Specification for Loadbearing Concrete Masonry Units²
- C 129 Specification for Nonloadbearing Concrete Masonry Units²
- C 140 Test Methods of Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units and Related Units²
- C 270 Specification for Mortar for Unit Masonry²
- C 780 Test Method for Preconstruction and Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain and Reinforced Unit Masonry²
- C 1072 Test Method for Measurement of Masonry Flexural Bond Strength²
- C 1357 Test Method for Evaluating Masonry Bond Strength²
- C 1437 Test Method For Flow of Hydraulic Cement Mortar³

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C15 on Manufactured Masonry Units and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C15.04 on Research. Committee E-6 maintains a continued interest in these practices and will make use of them in the future.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.05.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.01.

E 518 Test Methods for Flexural Bond Strength of Masonry²

3. Significance and Use

3.1 These procedures are useful for research into bond strength of masonry. They are not intended to predict the bond strength of commercial masonry construction. The bond strength in commercially built structures is determined by many factors beyond the characteristics of mortar, masonry units, and the procedures of this test method.

NOTE 1—The crossed-brick couplets method measures a direct tensile strength of the bond between the mortar and masonry unit. It does not determine the flexural strength of the unit mortar assembly. Other test methods may be more appropriate for determining the flexural bond strength between mortar and masonry units. These include, C 1072 Test Method for Measurement of Masonry Flexural Bond Strength, C 1357 Test Methods for Evaluating Masonry Bond Strength, and E 518 Test Methods for Flexural Bond Strength of Masonry.

PREPARATION AND TESTING OF FRESH MORTAR

4. Preparation of Mortar

4.1 Proportion mortar materials by weights equivalent to volume proportions to be used in prism construction. Use unit weights for individual materials as given in Specification C 270. Sand shall be permitted to be used in a damp loose condition, provided that moisture content of sand is determined with reference to the oven-dried condition and batch proportions are adjusted accordingly. Record weight of ingredients (including water) added to the batch of mortar.

4.2 Mix mortar in a mechanical paddle-type mortar mixer. Time periods referenced below are measured from when water and cementitious materials are combined.

4.2.1 Add an estimated amount of water to the mortar to achieve the desired consistency (Note 2). Mix mortar for three minutes and determine consistency. If the desired consistency is specified by flow determine it in accordance with Test Method C 1437. If the desired consistency is specified as initial cone penetration, determine it in accordance with Test Method C 780. Once consistency is recorded, return the material used to measure the consistency to the mixer. If the consistency is within the desired range, continue mixing the batch for an

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.