



Standard Test Method for Density and Relative Density (Specific Gravity) of Viscous Materials by Bingham Pycnometer¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 1480; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method describes two procedures for the measurement of the density of materials which are fluid at the desired test temperature. Its application is restricted to liquids of vapor pressures below 600 mm Hg (80 kPa) and viscosities below 40 000 cSt (mm^2/s) at the test temperature. The method is designed for use at any temperature between 20 and 100°C. It can be used at higher temperatures; however, in this case the precision section does not apply.

NOTE 1—For the determination of density of materials which are fluid at normal temperatures, see Test Method D 1217.

1.2 This test method provides a calculation procedure for converting density to specific gravity.

1.3 The values stated in acceptable SI units are to be regarded as the standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* For specific precautionary statements see Note 1 and Note 2.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

D 1217 Test Method for Density and Relative Density (Specific Gravity) of Liquids by Bingham Pycnometer²

E 1 Specification for ASTM Thermometers³

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *density*—the weight in a vacuum (that is, the mass) of a unit volume of the material at any given temperature.

3.1.2 *relative density (specific gravity)*—the ratio of the mass (weight in a vacuum) of a given volume of material at a temperature, t_1 , to the mass of an equal volume of water at a reference temperature, t_2 ; or it is the ratio of the density of the material at t_1 to the density of water at t_2 . When the reference temperature is 4°C (the temperature at which the relative density of water is unity), relative density (specific gravity) and density are numerically equal.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 The liquid sample is introduced into the pycnometer, equilibrated to the desired temperature, and weighed. The density or specific gravity is then calculated from this weight and the previously determined calibration factor, and a correction is applied for the buoyancy of air.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 Density is a fundamental physical property that can be used in conjunction with other properties to characterize both the light and heavy fractions of petroleum and to assess the quality of crude oils.

5.2 Determination of the density or relative density of petroleum and its products is necessary for the conversion of measured volumes to volumes at the standard temperatures of 15°C.

5.3 The determination of densities at the elevated temperatures of 40 and 100°C is particularly useful in providing the data needed for the conversion of kinematic viscosities in centistokes (mm^2/s) to the corresponding dynamic viscosities in centipoises ($\text{mPa}\cdot\text{s}$).

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Pycnometer*,⁴ Bingham-type of 10-mL capacity (as shown in Fig. 1), constructed of heat-resistant⁵ glass.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.04.0D on Physical and Chemical Methods.

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² *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 05.01.

³ *Annual Book of ASTM Standards*, Vol 14.03.

⁴ The sole source of supply of the pycnometer known to the committee at this time is Reliance Glass Co., 220 Gateway Rd., Bensonville, IL 60106-0825. If you are aware of alternative suppliers, please provide this information to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee¹, which you may attend.

⁵ Borosilicate glass has been found satisfactory for this purpose.

