



Designation: D3241 – 19

An American National Standard

Designation 323/16

Standard Test Method for Thermal Oxidation Stability of Aviation Turbine Fuels¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D3241; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This test method covers the procedure for rating the tendencies of gas turbine fuels to deposit decomposition products within the fuel system.

1.2 The differential pressure values in mm Hg are defined only in terms of this test method.

1.3 The deposition values stated in SI units shall be regarded as the referee value.

1.4 The pressure values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. The psi comparison is included for operational safety with certain older instruments that cannot report pressure in SI units.

1.5 No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.6 **Warning**—Mercury has been designated by many regulatory agencies as a hazardous material that can cause central nervous system, kidney and liver damage. Mercury, or its vapor, may be hazardous to health and corrosive to materials. Caution should be taken when handling mercury and mercury containing products. See the applicable product Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for details and EPA's website—<http://www.epa.gov/mercury/faq.htm>—for additional information. Users should be aware that selling mercury and/or mercury containing products into your state or country may be prohibited by law.

1.7 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* For specific warning statements, see [6.1.1](#), [7.2](#), [7.2.1](#), [7.3](#), [11.1.1](#), and [Annex A6](#).

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.J0.03 on Combustion and Thermal Properties.

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1.8 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[D1655](#) Specification for Aviation Turbine Fuels

[D4306](#) Practice for Aviation Fuel Sample Containers for Tests Affected by Trace Contamination

[E177](#) Practice for Use of the Terms Precision and Bias in ASTM Test Methods

[E691](#) Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method

2.2 ISO Standards:³

[ISO 3274](#) Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS)—Surface texture: Profile method—Nominal characteristics of contact (stylus) instruments

[ISO 4288](#) Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS)—Surface texture: Profile method—Rules and procedures for the assessment of surface texture

2.3 ASTM Adjuncts:⁴

Color Standard for Tube Deposit Rating

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *deposits, n*—oxidative products laid down on the test area of the heater tube or caught in the test filter, or both.

3.1.1.1 *Discussion*—Fuel deposits will tend to predominate at the hottest portion of the heater tube, which is between the 30 mm and 50 mm position.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from International Organization for Standardization (ISO), 1, ch. de la Voie-Creuse, CP 56, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland, <http://www.iso.org>.

⁴ Available from ASTM International Headquarters. Order Adjunct No. [ADJD3241](#). Original adjunct produced in 1986.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard