



Designation: D3561 – 16 (Reapproved 2021)<sup>ε1</sup>

# Standard Test Method for Lithium, Potassium, and Sodium Ions in Brackish Water, Seawater, and Brines by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D3561; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

<sup>ε1</sup> NOTE—The WTO caveat was editorially added in November 2021.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the determination of soluble lithium, potassium, and sodium ions in brackish water, seawater, and brines by atomic absorption spectrophotometry.<sup>2</sup>

1.2 Samples containing from 0.1 to 70 000 mg/L of lithium, potassium, and sodium may be analyzed by this test method.

1.3 This test method has been used successfully with artificial brine samples. It is the user's responsibility to ensure the validity of this test method for waters of untested matrices.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversion to inch-pound units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

<sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D19 on Water and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D19.05 on Inorganic Constituents in Water.

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2021. Published December 2021. Originally approved in 1977. Last previous edition approved in 2016 as D3561 – 16. DOI: 10.1520/D3561-16R21E01.

<sup>2</sup> Fletcher, G. F. and Collins, A. G., *Atomic Absorption Methods of Analysis of Oilfield Brines: Barium, Calcium, Copper, Iron, Lead, Lithium, Magnesium, Manganese, Potassium, Sodium, Strontium, and Zinc*. U.S. Bureau of Mines, Report of Investigations 7861, 1974, 14 pp., Collins, A. G. *Geochemistry of Oilfield Waters*, Elsevier, New York, NY, 1975.

## 2. Referenced Documents

### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>3</sup>

- D1129 Terminology Relating to Water
- D1193 Specification for Reagent Water
- D2777 Practice for Determination of Precision and Bias of Applicable Test Methods of Committee D19 on Water
- D3370 Practices for Sampling Water from Flowing Process Streams
- D5810 Guide for Spiking into Aqueous Samples
- D5847 Practice for Writing Quality Control Specifications for Standard Test Methods for Water Analysis

## 3. Terminology

### 3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 For definitions of terms used in this standard, refer to Terminology D1129.

## 4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 This test method is dependent on the fact that metallic elements, in the ground state, will absorb light of the same wavelength they emit when excited. When radiation from a given excited element is passed through a flame containing ground state atoms of that element, the intensity of the transmitted radiation will decrease in proportion to the amount of ground state element in the flame. A hollow cathode lamp whose cathode is made of the element to be determined provides the radiation. The metal atoms to be measured<sup>4,5</sup> are placed in the beam of radiation by aspirating the specimen into

<sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>4</sup> Angino, E. E., and Billings, G. K., *Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry in Geology*, Elsevier Publishing Co., New York, NY, 1967.

<sup>5</sup> Dean, J. A., and Rains, T. C., Editors, *Flame Emission and Atomic Absorption Spectrometry*, Volume 1, Theory, Marcel Dekker, New York, NY, 1969.