Designation: D4175 – 16c

Standard Terminology Relating to Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants[1]

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4175; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This terminology standard covers the compilation of terminology developed by Committee D02 on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants, except that it does not include terms/definitions specific only to the standards in which they appear.

1.1.1 The terminology, mostly definitions, is unique to petroleum, petroleum products, lubricants, and certain products from biomass and chemical synthesis. Meanings of the same terms outside of applications to petroleum, petroleum products, and lubricants can be found in other compilations and in dictionaries of general usage.

1.1.2 The terms/definitions exist in two places: *(1)* in the standards in which they appear and *(2)* in this compilation.

2. Terminology

2.1 Alphabetical listing of terms with definitions for each term showing attributions as to source and subcommittee jurisdiction is in bold print following the definition. Those showing no attributes are under the jurisdiction of Subcommittee CS 95. Some abbreviations, acronyms, and symbols are included in the list.

3-MPA, *n*—3-methylphenylamine **[D02.J0] D6812**

atomic absorption spectrometry, *n*—analytical technique for measuring metal content of solutions, based on a combination of flame source, hollow cathode lamp, photomultiplier, and a readout device. **[D02.03] D7740**

abrasive wear, *n*—wear due to hard particles or hard protuberances forced against and moving along a solid surface. **[D02.B0] D4998; [D02.L0] D5182**

absorbance, *n*—logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of the reciprocal of the transmittance. **[D02.03] D7740**

absorbance, (A), *n*—the molecular property of a substance that determines its ability to take up radiant energy, expressed by:

$$A = \log_{10}(1 / T) = -\log_{10}(T) \quad (1)$$

where T is the transmittance.

DISCUSSION—Absorbance expresses the excess absorption over that of a specified reference or standard. It is implied that compensation has been affected for reflectance losses, solvent absorption losses, and refractive effects, if present, and that attenuation by scattering is small compared with attenuation by absorption. **[D02.14] D7996**

absorbance, *A*, *n*—the molecular property of a substance that determines its ability to take up radiant power, expressed by:

$$A = \log_{10}\ (1/T) = -\log_{10}T$$

where T is the transmittance.

DISCUSSION—Absorbance expresses the excess absorption over that of a specified reference or standard. It is implied that compensation has been affected for reflectance losses, solvent absorption losses, and refractive effects, if present, and that attenuation by scattering is small compared with attenuation by absorption. **[D02.04] D2008**

absorptivity, *a*, *n*—the specific property of a substance to absorb radiant power per unit sample concentration and path length, expressed by:

$$a = Af/bc$$

where:

A = the absorbance,
f = the dilution factor,
b = sample cell path length, and
c = the quantity of absorbing substance contained in a volume of solvent.

[D02.04] D2008

acceptance limit (*AL*), *n*—a numerical value that defines the point between acceptable and unacceptable quality.

DISCUSSION—The *AL* is not necessarily the specification limit. It is a value that takes into account the specification limit, the test method precision, and the desired probability of product acceptance if the quality is at the specification limit.

[D02.94] D3244

accepted reference value (ARV), *n*—value that serves as an agreed-upon reference for comparison and that is derived as

[1] This terminology is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.95 on Terminology.

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***A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard**

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