



Standard Test Method for Index Puncture Resistance of Geotextiles, Geomembranes, and Related Products¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 4833; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

^{ε1} NOTE—Table 1 was editorially corrected from a one-sided table to a two-sided table in April 2002.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method is used to measure the index puncture resistance of geotextiles, geomembranes, and related products.

1.2 The use of Test Method D 4833 may be inappropriate for testing some woven geotextiles or related products which have large openings (Note 1).

NOTE 1—Geonets and geogrids cannot be tested using this test method.

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values provided in inch-pound units are for information only.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

D 76 Specification for Tensile Testing Machines for Textiles²

D 123 Terminology Relating to Textiles²

D 1776 Practice for Conditioning and Testing Textiles²

D 2905 Practice for Statements on Number of Specimens for Textiles²

D 4354 Practice for Sampling of Geosynthetics for Testing³

D 4439 Terminology for Geosynthetics³

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *atmosphere for testing geotextiles, n*—air maintained at a relative humidity of $65 \pm 5\%$ and a temperature of $21 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ($70 \pm 4^\circ\text{F}$).

3.1.2 *geomembrane, n*—very low permeability synthetic

membrane liners or barriers used with any geotechnical engineering related material so as to control fluid migration in a man-made project, structure, or system.

3.1.3 *geotextile, n*—any permeable textile used with foundations, soil, rock, earth, or any other geotechnical material as an integral part of man-made project, structure, or system.

3.1.4 *index test, n*—a test procedure which may contain a known bias but which may be used to establish an order for a set of specimens with respect to the property of interest.

3.1.5 *puncture resistance (F), n*—the inherent resisting mechanism of the test specimen to the failure by a penetrating or puncturing object.

3.2 For definitions of other textile terms used in this standard, refer to Terminology D 123.

3.3 For definitions of other terms relating to geotextiles used in this standard, refer to Terminology D 4439.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 A test specimen is clamped without tension between circular plates of a ring clamp attachment secured in a tensile testing machine. A force is exerted against the center of the unsupported portion of the test specimen by a solid steel rod attached to the load indicator until rupture of the specimen occurs. The maximum force recorded is the value of puncture resistance of the specimen.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method is an index test for determining the puncture resistance of geotextiles, geomembranes, and related products. The use of this test method is to establish an index value by providing standard criteria and a basis for uniform reporting.

5.2 This test method is considered satisfactory for acceptance testing of commercial shipments of geotextiles, geomembranes, and related materials since the test method has been used extensively in the trade for acceptance testing.

5.2.1 In case of a dispute arising from differences in reported test results when using this test method for acceptance testing of commercial shipments, the purchaser and the supplier should conduct comparative tests to determine if there is

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D35 on Geosynthetics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D35.01 on Mechanical Properties.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol. 07.01.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol. 04.13.