



Standard Test Method for Determination of the Tendency of Lubricants to Promote Preignition in Two-Stroke-Cycle Gasoline Engines¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4858; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method² evaluates the performance of lubricants intended for use in two-stroke-cycle spark-ignition gasoline engines which are prone to preignition.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

B152/B152M Specification for Copper Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Rolled Bar

D439 Specification for Automotive Gasoline⁴

D445 Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity)

D664 Test Method for Acid Number of Petroleum Products by Potentiometric Titration

D874 Test Method for Sulfated Ash from Lubricating Oils and Additives

D910 Specification for Aviation Gasolines

D2270 Practice for Calculating Viscosity Index from Kine-

matic Viscosity at 40 and 100°C

D2699 Test Method for Research Octane Number of Spark-Ignition Engine Fuel

D2700 Test Method for Motor Octane Number of Spark-Ignition Engine Fuel

D2885 Test Method for Determination of Octane Number of Spark-Ignition Engine Fuels by On-Line Direct Comparison Technique

D2896 Test Method for Base Number of Petroleum Products by Potentiometric Perchloric Acid Titration

D4857 Test Method for Determination of the Ability of Lubricants to Minimize Ring Sticking and Piston Deposits in Two-Stroke-Cycle Gasoline Engines Other Than Outboards

D4863 Test Method for Determination of Lubricity of Two-Stroke-Cycle Gasoline Engine Lubricants

E230 Specification and Temperature-Electromotive Force (EMF) Tables for Standardized Thermocouples

2.2 ANSI Standard:

ANSI MC 96.1 American National Standard for Temperature Measurement Thermocouples⁵

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *combustion chamber*—in reciprocating internal combustion engines, the volume bounded by the piston crown and any portion of the cylinder walls extending above the piston crown when in the top dead center position, and the inner surface of the cylinder head including any spark plugs and other inserted components.

3.1.2 *preignition*—in a spark-ignition engine, ignition of the mixture of fuel and air in the combustion chamber before the passage of the spark.

3.1.3 *scuff, scuffing*—in lubrication, damage caused by instantaneous localized welding between surfaces in relative motion that does not result in immobilization of the parts.

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3.1.4 *spark plug fouling*—deposition of essentially nonconducting material onto the electrodes of a spark plug that may,

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² Until the next revision of this test method, the ASTM Test Monitoring Center will update changes in this test method by means of Information Letters. These can be obtained from the ASTM Test Monitoring Center, 6555 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, PA 15206-4489. Attention: Administrator. This edition incorporates revisions in all Information Letters through No. 01-3.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

⁴ Withdrawn. The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁵ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.