



Standard Test Method for Determining the Internal and Interface Shear Strength of Geosynthetic Clay Liner by the Direct Shear Method¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D6243/D6243M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers a procedure for determining the internal shear resistance of a Geosynthetic Clay Liner (GCL) or the interface shear resistance between the GCL and an adjacent material under a constant rate of deformation.

1.2 This test method is intended to indicate the performance of the selected specimen by attempting to model certain field conditions.

1.3 This test method is applicable to all GCLs. Remolded or undisturbed soil samples can be used in the test device. See Test Method [D5321/D5321M](#) for interface shear testing of non-GCL geosynthetics.

1.4 This test method is not suited for the development of exact stress-strain relationships within the test specimen due to the nonuniform distribution of shearing forces and displacement.

1.5 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.6 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[D653 Terminology Relating to Soil, Rock, and Contained Fluids](#)

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [D35](#) on Geosynthetics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [D35.04](#) on Geosynthetic Clay Liners.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

[D698 Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort \(12 400 ft-lbf/ft³ \(600 kN-m/m³\)\)](#)

[D1557 Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort \(56,000 ft-lbf/ft³ \(2,700 kN-m/m³\)\)](#)

[D2435/D2435M Test Methods for One-Dimensional Consolidation Properties of Soils Using Incremental Loading](#)

[D2487 Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes \(Unified Soil Classification System\)](#)

[D3080/D3080M Test Method for Direct Shear Test of Soils Under Consolidated Drained Conditions](#)

[D3740 Practice for Minimum Requirements for Agencies Engaged in Testing and/or Inspection of Soil and Rock as Used in Engineering Design and Construction](#)

[D4439 Terminology for Geosynthetics](#)

[D5321/D5321M Test Method for Determining the Shear Strength of Soil-Geosynthetic and Geosynthetic-Geosynthetic Interfaces by Direct Shear](#)

[D6072/D6072M Practice for Obtaining Samples of Geosynthetic Clay Liners](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions of terms relating to soil and rock, refer to Terminology [D653](#). For definitions of terms relating to GCLs, refer to Terminology [D4439](#).

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

3.2.1 *adhesion, c_a , n* —the y-intercept of the Mohr-Coulomb strength envelope.

3.2.2 *atmosphere for testing geosynthetics, n* —air maintained at a relative humidity of between 50 and 70 % and temperature of $21 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ [$70 \pm 4^\circ\text{F}$].

3.2.3 *GCL, n* —a manufactured hydraulic barrier consisting of clay bonded to a layer, or layers, of geosynthetic materials.

3.2.4 *Mohr-Coulomb friction angle, δ , n* —(angle of friction of a material or between two materials, degrees) the angle defined by the least-squares, “best-fit” straight line through a defined section of the shear strength-normal stress failure envelope; the component of the shear strength indicated by the term δ , in Coulomb's equation, $\tau = C_a + \sigma_n * \tan(\delta)$ (see [13.6](#)).

3.2.4.1 *Discussion*—The end user is cautioned that some