



Designation: D7158/D7158M – 24a

Standard Test Method for Wind Resistance of Asphalt Shingles (Uplift Force/Uplift Resistance Method)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D7158/D7158M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the procedure for calculating the wind resistance of asphalt shingles when applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and sealed under defined conditions. Shingle designs that depend on interlocking or product rigidity to resist the wind cannot be evaluated using this test method. The method calculates the uplift force exerted on the shingle by the action of wind at specified conditions, and compares that to the mechanical uplift resistance of the shingle. A shingle is determined to be wind resistant at a specified basic wind speed for standard conditions (see 6.3) when the measured uplift resistance exceeds the calculated uplift force for that velocity (3 s gust, ASCE 7).

1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D08 on Roofing and Waterproofing and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D08.02 on Steep Roofing Products and Assemblies.

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2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D228/D228M Test Methods for Sampling, Testing, and Analysis of Asphalt Roll Roofing, Cap Sheets, and Shingles Used in Roofing and Waterproofing
D1079 Terminology Relating to Roofing and Waterproofing
D3161/D3161M Test Method for Wind Resistance of Steep Slope Roofing Products (Fan-Induced Method)
D3462/D3462M Specification for Asphalt Shingles Made from Glass Felt and Surfaced with Mineral Granules
D6381/D6381M Test Method for Measurement of Asphalt Shingle Mechanical Uplift Resistance

2.2 ASCE Standards:³

ASCE 7-22 Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures
ASCE 49-21 Wind Tunnel Testing for Buildings and Other Structures

2.3 ANSI/UL Standard:⁴

ANSI/UL 2390-04 Test Method for Wind Resistant Asphalt Shingles with Sealed Tabs

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 For definition of terms used in this test method, refer to Terminology D1079.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *seal*—as it relates to steep roofing shingles, is the bonding that results from the activation of the sealant under the action of time and temperature.

3.2.2 *sealant*—as it relates to steep roofing shingles, is defined as factory-applied or field-applied typically asphaltic

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE), 1801 Alexander Bell Dr., Reston, VA 20191, <http://www.asce.org>.

⁴ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.