



Standard Test Method for Determination of the Oxidation of Used Lubricants by FT-IR Using Peak Area Increase Calculation¹

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INTRODUCTION

This test method was jointly developed with “Groupement Francais de Coordination” (GFC), technical committee LM5 and “Coordinating European Council” (CEC) Surveillance Group T-048 for the purpose of monitoring the oxidation stability of artificially aged automotive transmission fluids. This test method has been used in the CEC L-48-A-00 method as an end of test measurement parameter.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the determination of the oxidation of used lubricants by FT-IR (Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy). It measures the concentration change of constituents containing a carbonyl function that have formed during the oxidation of the lubricant.

1.2 This test method may be used to indicate relative changes that occur in an oil under oxidizing conditions. The test method is not intended to measure an absolute oxidation property that can be used to predict performance of an oil in service.

1.3 This test method was developed for transmission oils which have been degraded either in service, or in a laboratory test, for example a bulk oxidation test. It may be used for other in-service oils, but the stated precision may not apply.

1.4 The results of this test method may be affected by the presence of other components with an absorbance band in the zone of 1600–1800 cm^{-1} . Low PAI values may be difficult to determine in those cases. Section 6 describes these possible interferences in more detail.

1.5 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.6 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the*

responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[D4057 Practice for Manual Sampling of Petroleum and Petroleum Products](#)

[D4177 Practice for Automatic Sampling of Petroleum and Petroleum Products](#)

[D6299 Practice for Applying Statistical Quality Assurance and Control Charting Techniques to Evaluate Analytical Measurement System Performance](#)

[E131 Terminology Relating to Molecular Spectroscopy](#)

[E1421 Practice for Describing and Measuring Performance of Fourier Transform Mid-Infrared \(FT-MIR\) Spectrometers: Level Zero and Level One Tests](#)

[E1866 Guide for Establishing Spectrophotometer Performance Tests](#)

2.2 CEC Standard:

[CEC L-48-A-00 Oxidation Stability of Lubricating Oils Used in Automotive Transmissions by Artificial Aging³](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For terminology relating to molecular spectroscopic methods, refer to Terminology [E131](#).

3.2 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.96 on In-Service Lubricant Testing and Condition Monitoring Services.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from Coordinating European Council (CEC), c/o Interlynk Administrative Services, Ltd., P.O. Box 6475, Earl Shilton, Leicester, LE9 9ZB, U.K.