



Standard Specification for Diesel Fuel Oil, Biodiesel Blend (B6 to B20)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D7467; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

^{ε1} NOTE—Footnote J of Table 1 was corrected editorially in February 2016.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers fuel blend grades of 6 volume percent to 20 volume percent (%) biodiesel with the remainder being a light middle or middle distillate diesel fuel, collectively designated as B6 to B20. These grades are suitable for various types of diesel engines.

1.1.1 The biodiesel component of the blend shall conform to the requirements of Specification [D6751](#). The remainder of the fuel shall be a light middle or middle distillate grade diesel fuel conforming to Specification [D975](#) grades No. 1-D and No. 2-D of any sulfur level specified with the following exceptions. The light middle or middle distillate grade diesel fuel whose sulfur level, aromatic level, cetane, or lubricity falls outside of Specification [D975](#) may be blended with biodiesel meeting Specification [D6751](#), provided the finished mixtures meets this specification.

1.1.2 The fuel sulfur grades are described as follows:

1.1.2.1 *Grade B6 to B20 S15*—A fuel with a maximum of 15 ppm sulfur.

1.1.2.2 *Grade B6 to B20 S500*—A fuel with a maximum of 500 ppm sulfur.

1.1.2.3 *Grade B6 to B20 S5000*—A fuel with a maximum of 5000 ppm sulfur.

1.2 This specification prescribes the required properties of B6 to B20 biodiesel blends at the time and place of delivery. The specification requirements may be applied at other points in the production and distribution system when provided by agreement between the purchaser and the supplier.

1.2.1 Nothing in this specification shall preclude observance of federal, state, or local regulations that may be more restrictive.

NOTE 1—The generation and dissipation of static electricity can create problems in the handling of distillate diesel fuel oils. For more information on this subject, see Guide [D4865](#).

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [D02](#) on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [D02.E0](#) on Burner, Diesel, Non-Aviation Gas Turbine, and Marine Fuels.

Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2015. Published November 2015. Originally approved in 2008. Last previous edition approved in 2015 as D7467 – 15b. DOI: 10.1520/D7467-15CE01.

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[D56](#) Test Method for Flash Point by Tag Closed Cup Tester

[D86](#) Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products and Liquid Fuels at Atmospheric Pressure

[D93](#) Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Tester

[D129](#) Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Products (General High Pressure Decomposition Device Method)

[D130](#) Test Method for Corrosiveness to Copper from Petroleum Products by Copper Strip Test

[D445](#) Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity)

[D482](#) Test Method for Ash from Petroleum Products

[D524](#) Test Method for Ramsbottom Carbon Residue of Petroleum Products

[D613](#) Test Method for Cetane Number of Diesel Fuel Oil

[D664](#) Test Method for Acid Number of Petroleum Products by Potentiometric Titration

[D975](#) Specification for Diesel Fuel Oils

[D976](#) Test Method for Calculated Cetane Index of Distillate Fuels

[D1266](#) Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Products (Lamp Method)

[D1319](#) Test Method for Hydrocarbon Types in Liquid Petroleum Products by Fluorescent Indicator Adsorption

[D1552](#) Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Products by High Temperature Combustion and IR Detection

[D2500](#) Test Method for Cloud Point of Petroleum Products

[D2622](#) Test Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Products by Wavelength Dispersive X-ray Fluorescence Spectrometry

[D2709](#) Test Method for Water and Sediment in Middle

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard