



Standard Test Method for Determination of Bisphenol A in Environmental Waters by Liquid Chromatography/Tandem Mass Spectrometry¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This procedure covers the determination of bisphenol A (BPA) extracted from water utilizing solid phase extraction (SPE), separated using liquid chromatography (LC) and detected with tandem mass spectrometry (MS/MS). BPA is qualitatively and quantitatively determined by this method. This method adheres to multiple reaction monitoring (MRM) mass spectrometry.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 The method detection limit (MDL) and reporting limit (RL) for BPA are listed in [Table 1](#).

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

[D1129 Terminology Relating to Water](#)

[D1193 Specification for Reagent Water](#)

[D2777 Practice for Determination of Precision and Bias of Applicable Test Methods of Committee D19 on Water](#)

[D3694 Practices for Preparation of Sample Containers and for Preservation of Organic Constituents](#)

[D3856 Guide for Management Systems in Laboratories Engaged in Analysis of Water](#)

[D5847 Practice for Writing Quality Control Specifications for Standard Test Methods for Water Analysis](#)

[D5905 Practice for the Preparation of Substitute Wastewater](#)

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D19 on Water and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D19.06 on Methods for Analysis for Organic Substances in Water.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

2.2 Other Documents:³

[The Code of Federal Regulations 40 CFR Part 136, Appendix B](#)

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 For definitions of terms used in this standard, refer to Terminology [D1129](#).

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *environmental water*, *n*—shall refer to water tested using this method. See Section 5.

3.2.2 *independent reference material, IRM, n*—a material of known purity and concentration obtained either from the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) or other reputable supplier. The IRM shall be obtained from a different lot of material than is used for calibration.

3.3 Acronyms:

3.3.1 *CCC, n*—Continuing Calibration Check

3.3.2 *IC, n*—Initial Calibration

3.3.3 *LC, n*—Liquid Chromatography

3.3.4 *LCS/LCSD, n*—Laboratory Control Sample/Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

3.3.5 *MDL, n*—Method Detection Limit

3.3.6 *MeOH, n*—Methanol

3.3.7 *mM, n*—millimolar, 1×10^{-3} moles/L

3.3.8 *MRM, n*—Multiple Reaction Monitoring

3.3.9 *MS/MSD, n*—Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate

3.3.10 *NA, adj*—Not Available

3.3.11 *ND, n*—non-detect

3.3.12 *P&A, n*—Precision and Accuracy

3.3.13 *PPB, n*—parts per billion

3.3.14 *PPT, n*—parts per trillion

3.3.15 *QA, adj*—Quality Assurance

3.3.16 *QC, adj*—Quality Control

³ Available from U.S. Government Printing Office Superintendent of Documents, 732 N. Capitol St., NW, Mail Stop: SDE, Washington, DC 20401, <http://www.access.gpo.gov>.