



Designation: D7771 – 17a (Reapproved 2022)

Standard Test Method for Determination of Benzo- α -Pyrene (BaP) Content in Carbon Black¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D7771; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the qualitative and quantitative determination of only benzo- α -pyrene (BaP), a specific polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH), on carbon black. The procedure involves Soxhlet extraction with toluene and analysis by gas chromatography with mass spectrometry (GC/MS). This method is not intended to test for U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA 21 CFR 178.3297) compliance of carbon blacks used for indirect food contact applications.

1.2 *Units*—The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D4483 Practice for Evaluating Precision for Test Method Standards in the Rubber and Carbon Black Manufacturing Industries

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D24 on Carbon Black and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D24.66 on Environment, Health, and Safety.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

2.2 EPA Standard:³

Method 8270D Semivolatile Organic Compounds by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS)

2.3 Federal Standard:

21 CFR 178.3297 Indirect Food Additives: Adjuvants, Production Aids, and Sanitizers, Colorants for Polymers⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *benzo- α -pyrene, BaP, n*—also known as 3,4-benzopyrene or benzo-a-pyrene is a specific polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) or polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon that consists of fused aromatic rings with no heteroatom or substituent.

3.1.1.1 *Discussion*—PAHs naturally occur in oil, coal, and tar deposits; are produced by the incomplete combustion of hydrocarbons; and occur in many other products and processes. BaP is a pentacyclic PAH with the formula C₂₀H₁₂, related to pyrene by fusion of a phenylene group in the alpha position.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 A portion of carbon black is Soxhlet-extracted with toluene for 16 h. The extract is concentrated and subsequently analyzed for BaP by gas chromatography with mass spectrometry (GC/MS). The BaP quantification is performed by the means of an internal standard.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test procedure is used to determine the concentration of BaP extracted from carbon black by the means of a Soxhlet extraction apparatus with toluene.

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Soxhlet Extractor with Reflux Condenser*, 50- or 100-cm³ capacity.

³ Available from United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Ariel Rios Bldg., 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20004, <http://www.epa.gov/epaoswer/hazwaste/test/new-meth.htm#8270D>.

⁴ Available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, 732 N. Capital St., NW., Washington, DC 20402-0001.