



Standard Consumer Safety Specification for Toy Safety¹

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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this consumer safety specification is to establish nationally recognized safety requirements for toys. Although this specification will not eliminate the need for the exercise of parental responsibility in selecting toys appropriate to the age of a child, or parental supervision in situations in which children of various ages may have access to the same toys, its application will minimize accidents in the normal, intended use and reasonably foreseeable abuse of the toys covered by this specification. This specification was developed originally as a Voluntary Product Standard under the auspices of the National Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, and published in 1976 (PS 72–76). The present revision is intended to update the safety requirements to include the following by reference: published federal mandatory requirements, relevant voluntary standards, certain new requirements for addressing potential hazards, and several technical revisions based on producer experience with the original standard.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification² relates to possible hazards that may not be recognized readily by the public and that may be encountered in the normal use for which a toy is intended or after reasonably foreseeable abuse. It does not purport to cover every conceivable hazard of a particular toy. This specification does not cover product performance or quality, except as related to safety. Except for the labeling requirements pointing out the functional hazards and age range for which the toy is intended, this specification has no requirements for those aspects of a toy that present an inherent and recognized hazard as part of the function of the toy. Such an example is a sharp point necessary for the function of a needle. The needle is an inherent hazard that is well understood by the purchaser of a toy sewing kit, and this hazard is communicated to the user as part of the normal educational process.

1.2 On the other hand, while a riding toy has inherent hazards associated with its use (for example, falling off onto the sidewalk), the possible hazards associated with its con-

struction (sharp edges, exposed mechanisms, etc.) will be minimized by the application of this specification.

1.3 This specification covers requirements and contains test methods for toys intended for use by children under 14 years of age. Different age limits for various requirements will be found in this specification. These limits reflect the nature of the hazards and expected mental or physical ability, or both, of a child to cope with the hazards.

1.4 Articles not covered by this specification are as follows:

- Bicycles
- Tricycles
- Non-Powered Scooters
(see Consumer Safety Specification [F2264](#))
- Recreational Powered Scooters and Pocket Bikes
(see Consumer Safety Specification [F2641](#))
- Sling shots and sharp-pointed darts
- Playground equipment
- Non-powder guns
- Kites
- Hobby and craft items in which the finished item is not primarily of play value
- Model kits in which the finished item is not primarily of play value
- Crayons, paints, chalks, and other similar art materials in which the material itself or the finished item is not primarily of play value, except that all art materials, whether or not a component of a toy, shall comply with [LHAMA](#), in accordance with [4.29.1 – 4.29.3](#).
- Sporting goods, camping goods, athletic equipment,

¹ This consumer safety specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee [F15](#) on Consumer Products and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee [F15.22](#) on Toy Safety.

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² The Toy Association sometimes provides its interpretations of this specification through its counsel as a service to its members and others. The Toy Association's interpretations are not reviewed or approved by ASTM and should be viewed as The Toy Association's alone.